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APPENDIX I.

[Vide item III (2) on page 432 supra].

L.A. Bill No. 27 of 1961.

(As passed by the Assembly.)

A Bill to provide for the protection from eviction of persons occupying kudiyruppu in the State of Madras.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the protection from eviction of persons occupying kudiyruppu in the State of Madras;

BE it enacted in the Twelfth Year of the Republic of India as follows :—

1. *Short title, extent and duration.*—(1) This Act may be called the Madras Occupants of Kudiyruppu (Protection from Eviction) Act, 1961.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Madras.

(3) It shall remain in force for a period of three years.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires :—

(1) “ agricultural labourer ” means a person whose principal means of livelihood is the income he gets as wages for his manual labour on agricultural land;

(2) “ agricultural land ” means any land used for any of the following purposes, namely :—

(a) horticulture;

(b) the raising of crops, grass or garden produce;

(c) grazing;

(d) the raising of manure crops;

(e) dairy farming;

(f) poultry farming;

(g) livestock breeding;

(h) growing of trees; and

(i) includes any land used for any purpose subservient to the above purposes, any forest land, pasture land, plantation, orchard and tope, but

(ii) does not include house-site or land used exclusively for non-agricultural purposes;

(3) “ agriculturist ” means a person who cultivates agricultural land by the contribution of his own manual labour or of the manual labour of any member of his family;

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(4) "authorized officer" means any Gazetted Officer authorised by the Government by the notification to exercise the powers conferred on, and discharge the duties imposed upon, the authorized officer under this Act for such area as may be specified in the notification;

(5) "Government" means the State Government;

(6) "kudiyiruppu" means the site of any dwelling house or hut occupied, either as tenant or as licensee, by any agriculturist or agricultural labourer and includes such other area adjacent to the dwelling house or hut as may be necessary for the convenient enjoyment of such dwelling house or hut;

Explanation.—It shall be presumed that any person occupying the kudiyiruppu is an agricultural labourer or an agriculturist, until the contrary is proved.

(7) "tenant" means any person who has paid or has agreed to pay rent or other consideration for his being allowed by another to enjoy the land of the latter under a tenancy agreement, express or implied, and includes his heirs and legal representatives.

3. *Persons occupying kudiyiruppu not to be evicted.*—(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (3), no person occupying any kudiyiruppu on the 31st March 1959 shall be evicted from such kudiyiruppu.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (3), any person occupying any kudiyiruppu on the 31st March 1959, shall be entitled to continue to occupy the kudiyiruppu on the same terms and conditions as were applicable to him on such date.

(3) Sub-sections (1) and (2) shall not apply to any person occupying any kudiyiruppu—

(a) if he has done any act or has been guilty of any negligence which is destructive of, or injurious to the property belonging to the owner of the kudiyiruppu; or

(b) if he has wilfully denied the title of the owner of the kudiyiruppu.

Explanation.—A denial of the owner's title under a *bona fide* mistake of fact is not wilful within the meaning of this clause.

(4) In computing the period of limitation prescribed for an application for the execution of a decree or order for the eviction of a person occupying any kudiyiruppu, the time during which he was protected by sub-section (1) from eviction shall be excluded.

Explanation.—A decree or order shall be deemed to be a decree or order for the eviction of a person occupying any kudiyiruppu notwithstanding that any other relief is also granted by such decree or order.

4. *Right to restoration of possession of kudiyiruppu.*—If any person who was occupying any kudiyiruppu on the 31st March 1959 has been evicted from such kudiyiruppu after such date, but before the date of the publication of this Act in the

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Fort St. George Gazette or is evicted from such Kudiyruppu after the date of such publication, he may, within a period of six months after the date of the publication of this Act in the *Fort St. George Gazette* or after the date of eviction, as the case may be, apply to the authorized officer within whose jurisdiction the kudiyruppu is situated in such form as may be prescribed for restoration to him of the possession of the kudiyruppu from which he was evicted and to occupy it subject to the same terms and conditions, as far as may be, as were applicable to him on the 31st March 1959.

5. *Owner's right to apply to the authorised officer.*—Any owner of kudiyruppu seeking to evict for any of the reasons mentioned in sub-section (3) of section 3 any person occupying any kudiyruppu may, whether or not there is an order or decree of court for the eviction of such person, make an application for such eviction to the authorized officer within whose jurisdiction the kudiyruppu is situated, in such form and within such time as may be prescribed.

6. *Authorized officer to hold summary enquiry.*—On receipt of the application under section 4 or section 5, the authorized officer shall, after giving a reasonable opportunity to the parties concerned to make their representations, hold a summary enquiry into the matter and pass an order either allowing the application or dismissing it and shall communicate a copy of such order to the party concerned.

7. *Appeals.*—(1) Against any order passed by the authorized officer under section 6, any person aggrieved by such order may, within sixty days from the date of the order, appeal to the District Collector :

Provided that the District Collector may admit an appeal presented after the expiry of the said period if he is satisfied that the party concerned had sufficient cause for not presenting it within the said period.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, “ date of the order ” means the date on which the order is communicated to the party concerned.

(2) The provisions of section 4 and of sub-section (1) and (2) of section 12 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908 (Central Act IX of 1908) shall, as far as may be, apply to any appeal under sub-section (1).

(3) An appeal to the District Collector under sub-section (1) shall be in such form and shall be accompanied by such fee as may be prescribed.

(4) The District Collector may, after giving the parties to the appeal, an opportunity of being heard, pass such order thereon as he thinks fit and shall communicate a copy of such order to the party concerned.

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(5) The District Collector may stay the execution of any order passed by the authorized officer pending the exercise of his powers of appeal under this section.

8. *Saving.*—Nothing contained in this Act shall be deemed to affect the application of the Travancore-Cochin Prevention of Eviction of Kudikidappukars Act, 1955 (Travancore-Cochin Act XIII of 1955), as in force in the Kanyakumari district and the Shencottah taluk of the Tirunelveli district, to a kudikidappukaran as defined in section 2 (c) of that Act.

9. *Act to override other laws, contracts, etc.*—Subject to the provisions of section 8, the provisions of this Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any other law for the time being in force, or any custom, usage or contract or decree or order of a court or other authority.

10. *Costs.*—The costs of and incidental to, all proceedings before the authorised officer or the District Collector shall be in his discretion.

11. *Bar of jurisdiction of civil courts.*—No civil courts shall have jurisdiction in respect of any matter in which the authorized officer or the District Collector is empowered by or under this Act to decide and no injunction shall be granted by any court in respect of any action taken or to be taken in exercise of any power conferred by or under this Act.

12. *Indemnity.*—No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the authorized officer or the District Collector for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or any rule or order made thereunder.

13. *Power to remove difficulties.*—If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government may, as occasion may require, by order, do anything which appears to them necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

14. *Power to make rules.*—(1) The Government may make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for—

(a) the form of application to be made to the authorized officer under section 4 or section 5;

(b) the manner of holding summary enquiry under section 6;

(c) the manner of communicating to the parties the order under section 6 or under sub-section (4) of section 7;

(d) the form of appeal, and the fee payable, under sub-section (3) of section 7.

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(3) All rules made under this Act and all orders made under section 13 shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and, unless they are expressed to come into force on a particular day, shall come into force on the day on which they are so published.

(4) Every rule made under this Act and every order made under section 13 shall, as soon as possible after it is made, be placed on the table of both Houses of the Legislature, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, both Houses agree in making any modification in any such rule or order or both houses agree that the rule or order should not be made, the rule or order shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or order.

APPENDIX II.

[Vide item III (3) on page 446 supra.]

L.A. Bill No. 32 of 1961.

(a) Passed by the Assembly.

A Bill to extend the Madras Panchayats Act, 1958, to the transferred territory in the State of Madras and to amend the Madras Panchayat Union Councils (Special Provisions for First Constitution) Act, 1960.

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend the Madras Panchayats Act, 1958 (Madras Act XXXV of 1958) to the transferred territory in the State of Madras and to amend the Madras Panchayat Union Councils (Special Provisions for First Constitution) Act, 1960 (Madras Act 17 of 1960) for the purposes hereinafter appearing;

BE it enacted in the Twelfth Year of the Republic of India as follows :—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) This Act may be called the Madras Panchayats (Extension to Transferred Territory) and Panchayat Union Councils (Special Provisions for First Constitution) Amendment Act, 1961.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Government may, by notification, appoint.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) “appointed day” means the date appointed under sub-section (2) of section 1 for the coming into force of this Act;

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(b) "existing law" means any law, Ordinance, Proclamation, regulation, orders, by-law or rule passed or made before the appointed day, by Parliament, or by any Legislature, authority or person having power to make such a law Ordinance, Proclamation, regulation, order, by-law or rule;

(c) "Government" means the State Government;

(d) "Panchayats Act" means the Madras Panchayats Act, 1958 (Madras Act XXXV of 1958);

(e) "Transferred territory" means the Kanyakumari district and Shencottah taluk of Tirunelveli district.

3. *Extension of Madras Act XXXV of 1958 to the transferred territory.*—(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), with effect on and from the appointed day, the Panchayats Act is hereby extended to, and shall be in force in, the transferred territory.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Panchayats Act, on and from the appointed day—

(a) each of the local areas specified in column (2) of Schedule I forming the development block specified in the corresponding entry in column (1) thereof for the purposes of the National Extension Service Scheme of Community Development shall be a panchayat development block and such panchayat development block shall be a panchayat union by the name specified in the corresponding entry in column (3) thereof;

(b) there shall be a panchayat union council for each of the panchayat unions specified in Schedule I;

(c) the provisions of sections 115, 116, 117, 118 and 129 of the Panchayats Act shall not apply to the transferred territory unless and until the Government direct, by notification, that any of the provisions aforesaid shall apply or shall apply only with such exceptions, modifications and adaptations, as may be specified in the notification;

(d) until the Government so direct by notification referred to in clause (c), the cess on land corresponding to the local cess under the Panchayats Act which, immediately before the appointed day, was being lawfully levied, assessed and collected by the Government or any other authority in any development block in the transferred territory shall continue to be levied, assessed and collected by the Government or the said authority in accordance with the same principles which governed the levy, assessment and collection of the said cess immediately before the appointed day and the cess so collected shall be distributed among the panchayat union council and the panchayats in the panchayat union concerned in such manner as the Government may, by general or special order, direct;

(e) the provisions of clause (e) of section 65, section 128, section 136, sub-sections (5), (6) and (7) of section 140 and section 193 of the Panchayats Act shall not apply to the transferred territory, unless and until the Government direct, by notification, that

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any of the provisions aforesaid, shall apply or shall apply only with such exceptions, modifications and adaptations as may be specified in the notification;

(f) until the Government so direct by notification referred to in clause (e), any existing law relating to elementary education in force in the transferred territory immediately before the appointed day shall have effect subject to the modification that the powers and functions exercised by a panchayat under such existing law immediately before the appointed day shall, with effect on and from the appointed day, be exercised by the panchayat union council having jurisdiction in the area;

(g) every panchayat in the transferred territory shall be deemed to be a village panchayat for the purpose of grant under section 132 of the Panchayats Act;

(h) in regard to the first constitution of panchayat union councils in accordance with the provisions of the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act, and in regard to the first reconstitution in accordance with the provisions of the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act, of panchayats in existence on the appointed day and otherwise in giving effect to the said provisions in the transferred territory, they shall be read subject to the rules specified in Schedule II and the Government shall have power, by notification, to amend, add to or repeal the rules in the said Schedule.

Explanation I.—Every panchayat development block formed under clause (a) shall be deemed to be a panchayat development block declared under clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 7 of the Panchayats Act.

Explanation II.—Every panchayat union constituted and named under clause (a) shall be deemed to be a panchayat union declared and named under clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (3) of section 7 of the Panchayats Act.

Explanation III.—Every panchayat union council constituted under clause (b) shall be deemed to be a panchayat union council constituted by a notification under sub-section (1) of section 11 of the Panchayats Act with effect on and from the appointed day.

4. *Repeal of Travancore-Cochin Act II of 1950.*—(1) With effect on and from the appointed day, the Travancore-Cochin Panchayats Act, 1950 (Travancore-Cochin Act II of 1950) (hereinafter in this section referred to as the Travancore-Cochin Act) as in force in the transferred territory immediately before the appointed day, shall stand repealed in the transferred territory.

(2) Any reference in the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act, to a law which is not in force in the transferred territory on the appointed day shall, in relation to the transferred territory, be construed as a reference to the corresponding law, if any, in force in the transferred territory on the appointed day.

(3) Any reference to the Travancore-Cochin Act in any existing law which continues to be in force in the transferred territory after the appointed day, shall, in relation to that territory, be

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construed as a reference to the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act.

(4) Any reference, by whatever form of words, in any existing law to any authority competent at the date of the passing of that law to exercise any powers or discharge any functions in the transferred territory shall, where a corresponding new authority has been constituted by or under the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act, have effect as if it were a reference to that new authority.

(5) The repeal, by sub-section (1), of the Travancore-Cochin Act shall not affect—

(a) the previous operation of that Act or anything done or duly suffered thereunder; or

(b) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under that Act; or

(c) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against that Act; or

(d) any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid;

and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if this Act had not been passed.

(6) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (5), anything done or any action taken, including any appointment or delegation made, notification, order, instruction or direction issued, rule, regulation, form, by-law or scheme framed, certificate, permit or licence granted or registration effected under the Travancore-Cochin Act, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act, and shall continue in force accordingly, unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act.

(7) For the purpose of facilitating the application of the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act, in the transferred territory, any court or other authority may construe the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act with such alterations not affecting the substance as may be necessary or proper to adopt it to the matter before the court or other authority.

5. *Amendment of section 2, Madras Act 17 of 1960.*—In sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Madras Panchayat Union Councils (Special Provisions for First Constitution) Act, 1960 (Madras Act 17 of 1960),—

(i) for clause (a), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

“(a) a panchayat union council constituted for any panchayat union for the first time under the said Act or any other law for the time being in force shall consist of—

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(i) the presidents for the time being of the **panchayats** and the chairmen for the time being of the township committees in the panchayat union; or

(ii) in the case of any panchayat or township committee specified in the notification issued under section 3, for the period specified in that notification, the members (including the president and vice-president) for the time being of the panchayat or the members (including the chairman) for the time being of the township committee, as the case may be, in the panchayat union;”;

(ii) in clause (c), for the words “ the president shall not cease to hold office as such”, the words “ the president or vice-president of a panchayat shall not cease to hold office as such ” shall be substituted.

6. *Addition of new sections 3 and 4 in Madras Act 17 of 1960.*—After section 2 the Madras Panchayat Union Councils (Special Provisions for First Constitution) Act, 1960 (Madras Act 17 of 1960), the following sections shall be added, namely :—

“ 3. *All members of specified panchayats or township committees to be members of panchayat union council.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in the said Act or this Act as amended by the Madras Panchayats (Extension to Transferred Territory) and Panchayat Union Councils (Special Provisions for First Constitution) Amendment Act, 1961 or any other law for the time being in force, the State Government may, by notification, direct that all the members (including the president and vice-president or the chairman as the case may be) of such panchayat or township committee in a panchayat union, as may be specified in the notification, shall be members of the panchayat union council concerned for such period as may be specified in the notification.

7. *Removal of doubts.*—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that—

(1) This Act as amended by the Madras Panchayats (Extension to Transferred Territory) and Panchayat Union Councils (Special Provisions for First Constitution) Amendment Act, 1961, shall continue in force in the whole of the State of Madras including the added territory and the transferred territory, and shall be deemed always to have continued in force;

(2) Any member of a panchayat union council holding office as such member by virtue of the provisions of this Act at the commencement of the Madras Panchayats (Extension to Transferred Territory) and Panchayat Union Councils (Special Provisions for First Constitution) Amendment Act, 1961 shall cease to be a member of such panchayat union council—

(a) on such commencement, in case he has ceased to be the president of any panchayat in the panchayat union concerned before such commencement, and

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(b) on the date on which he ceases to be such president in other cases,

unless he is entitled to continue as a member of the panchayat union council in any other capacity.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this section—

(1) 'added territory' means the territories specified in the Second Schedule to the Andhra Pradesh and Madras (Alteration of Boundaries) Act, 1959 (Central Act 56 of 1959), and

(2) 'transferred territory' means the Kanyakumari district and the Shencottah taluk of the Tirunelveli district."

7. *Power to remove difficulties.*—(1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act to the transferred territory or the Madras Panchayat Union Councils (Special Provisions for First Constitution) Act, 1960 (Madras Act 17 of 1960), as amended by this Act, the Government as occasion may require, may, by order, do anything which appears to them to be necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

(2) Every order issued under sub-section (1) shall, as soon as possible after it is issued, be placed on the table of both Houses of the Legislature, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session both Houses agree in making any modification in any such order or both Houses agree that the order should not be issued, the order shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that order.

SCHEDULE I.

[See section 3 (2) (a) and b.]

Name of the development block.	Area forming the development block.	Name of the panchayat union.
(1)	(2)	(3)

Kanyakumari district.

Rajakkamangalam ..	Names of revenue villages in Agastheeswaram revenue taluk of Padmanabhapuram revenue division— Neendakara, A. Neendakara, B. Dharmapuram. Parakkai Thengamputhoor. Vadaserry (excluding Municipal area). Thamarakulam (one hamlet only—Chempakaraman- puthenthurai). Valiveeswaram (one hamlet —Vannanvilai only).	Rajakkamangalam.
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Name of the development block.	Area forming the development block.	Name of the panchayat union.
(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Kanyakumari district—cont.</i>		
Agastheeswaram	Names of revenue villages in Agastheeswaram revenue taluk of Padmanabhapuram revenue division— Kanyakumari. Agastheeswaram. Thamarakulam (excluding the hamlet of Chempakaramanputhentburai). Marungoor. Kulasekharapuram. Eraviputhoor. Suchindrum. Theroor. Vadiveeswaram (excluding Vannanvilai and the Municipal area). Nagercoil (excluding the Municipal area.)	Agastheeswaram.
Munchira	Names revenue villages in Vilavancode revenue taluk of Padmanabhapuram revenue division— Arudesom. Ezhuadesom. Kollencode. Methukummel. Kunnathoor. Painkulam.	Munchira.
Melpuram	Names of revenue villages in Vilavancode revenue taluk of Padmanabhapuram revenue division— Palukal. Edaicode. Arumana. Kaliel. Pacode (excluding Municipi- pal area). Vilavancode (excluding Municipal area).	Melpuram.
Killiyoor	Names of revenue villages in Vilavancode revenue taluk of Padmanabhapuram revenue division— Killiyoor. Keezhkulam. Midalam. Keezhmidalam. Nattalam. Nalloor.	Killiyoor.
Thovala	Names of revenue villages in Thovala revenue taluk of Padmanabhapuram revenue division— Chempagaramanputhoor. Thazhakudi. Thovala. Thiruppathisaram. Erachakulam.	Thovala.

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Name of the development block.	Area forming the development block.	Name of the panchayat union.
(1)	(2)	(3)
Thovala—cont.	Kanyakumari district—cont.	Thovala—cont.
	Names of revenue villages in Thovala revenue taluk of Padmanabhapuram revenue division—cont.	
	Esanthimangalam. Bhuthapandi. Darsanamcope. Chiramadam. Aramanalloor. Ananthapuram. Azhakiapandipuram.	
Thalakulam	Names of revenue villages in Kalkulam revenue taluk of Padmanabhapuram revenue division—	Thalakulam.
	Colachel (excluding Muni- cipal area). Thalakulam. Manavalakurichi. Kadiapattanam. Alloor.	
Thuckalai	Names of revenue village in Kalkulam revenue taluk of Padmanabhapuram revenue division.—	Thuckalai.
	Eraniel. Thuckalai (excluding Muni- cipal area). Kalkulam (excluding Muni- cipal area). Thiruvithamcode. Kappiara. Valvachagoshtam. Kothanalloor.	
Thiruvattar	Names of revenue villages in Kalkulam revenue taluk of Padmanabhapuram revenue division—	Thiruvattar.
	Thiruvattar. Thripparappu. Ponmana. Aruvikkara. Mecode. Attoor.	
	Tirunelveli district.	
Shencottah	Names of revenue villages in Shencottah revenue taluk of Tirunelveli revenue division—	Shencottah.
	Snenkottah (excluding Muni- cipal area). Karkudi. Puliyara. Pudur. M-kkara. Achenpudur. Elathur. Kilangad. Ayikudi. Sambavarvadakara.	

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SCHEDULE II.

[See section 3 (2) (h).]

1. In these rules—

(i) “ the old Act ” means the Travancore-Cochin Panchayats Act, 1950 (Travancore-Cochin Act II of 1950);

(ii) “ the new Act ” means the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act to the transferred territory;

(iii) “ panchayat ” means panchayat constituted under the old Act and in existence on the appointed day;

(iv) “ village ” means any local area which was declared to be a village under the old Act.

2. Every panchayat under the old Act shall, on the appointed day, be deemed to have been classified as a town panchayat under the new Act.

3. Every local area which, immediately before the appointed day, was within the jurisdiction of a panchayat shall be deemed to have been declared to be a panchayat town under the new Act.

4. The total number of members of a panchayat fixed under the old Act and in force on the appointed day shall be deemed to be the total number of its elected members under the new Act.

5. The members of a panchayat holding office on the appointed day shall be deemed to be the elected members of the panchayat under the new Act and such members shall continue to hold office up to the 2nd day of October 1963 or up to such date as the Government may, by notification, fix in this behalf.

6. The reservation of seats for the members of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes made under the old Act shall be deemed to have been made under the new Act and any reference to the Scheduled Castes in the new Act shall be construed as including a reference to the Scheduled Tribes.

7. (1) Any division of a panchayat area into wards made under the old Act and in force on the appointed day shall, with effect on and from the appointed day, be deemed to be a division of a panchayat town into wards made under the new Act.

(2) The Inspector shall, as soon as may be after the appointed day, determine the ward which each of the members who is deemed to be an elected member under rule 5 shall be deemed to represent.

8. The president and vice-president of a panchayat holding office on the appointed day shall, subject to the provisions of the new Act, continue to hold office as such president or vice-president up to the date referred to in rule 5.

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9. (1) Any vacancy in the office of the president or vice-president of a panchayat which is in existence on the appointed day or which occurs before the date referred to in rule 5 shall be filled by election under the provisions of the new Act.

(2) Any such vacancy in the office of an elected member of a panchayat shall be filled by election under the provisions of the new Act.

(3) Any person elected as president, vice-president or member of a panchayat under sub-rule (1) or (2) shall hold office only up to the date referred to in rule 5.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this rule, the office of president, vice-president or member of a panchayat to which no person had, at any time prior to the appointed day, been elected shall be deemed to be vacant on the appointed day.

10. Any panchayat dissolved or superseded under the old Act and awaiting reconstitution on the appointed day shall be reconstituted in accordance with the provisions of the new Act.

11. Every Panchayat officer of a panchayat holding office as such immediately before the appointed day shall be deemed to be the executive officer of the panchayat appointed under section 40 of the new Act and all other employees of the panchayat employed wholly or mainly in connection with a panchayat immediately before the appointed day shall continue to be employed in their respective posts under the new Act until the Inspector directs otherwise. The conditions of service of persons so appointed shall be regulated by rules made by the Government from time to time.

12. Every choultry, every dispensary, every maternity or child-welfare centre and every reading room established or maintained by a panchayat before the appointed day shall, with effect on and from the appointed day, vest in the panchayat union council having jurisdiction in the area and be maintained by it.

13. If any registers and accounts relating to the registration of births and deaths were being maintained by any authority or officer before the appointed day, they shall be transferred to the panchayat union council concerned on the appointed day or so soon thereafter as may be specified by general or special order by the Inspector.

14. All libraries, together with the books, furniture and other assets appertaining thereto maintained immediately before the appointed day by any panchayat shall, with effect on and from the appointed day, stand transferred to and be maintained by such authority as the Government may, by general or special order, specify provided that the Government shall have power to modify any such order from time to time and effect shall be given to such modified order by such authority.

15. Where before the appointed day a panchayat has made any contract in the exercise of its powers under the old Act, that contract shall be deemed to have been made in the exercise of its

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powers under the new Act by the panchayat union council having jurisdiction over the area in which that council would have had jurisdiction had this Act been in force at the relevant time; and all rights and liabilities which have accrued or may accrue under any such contract shall, to the extent to which they would have been rights or liabilities of the panchayat, be rights or liabilities of the panchayat union council specified above.

For the purpose of this rule, there shall be deemed to be included in the liabilities which have accrued or may accrue under any contract—

(a) any liability to satisfy an order or award made by any court or other tribunal in proceedings relating to the contract, and

(b) any liability in respect of expenses incurred or in connection with such proceedings.

16. All proceedings taken by or against any panchayat or other authority under the old Act may, in so far as they are not inconsistent with the new Act, be continued by or against such panchayat or authority under the new Act.

17. Any remedy by way of application, suit or appeal available to or against a panchayat exercising jurisdiction immediately before the appointed day, shall, after the appointed day, be available to or against the panchayat or panchayat union council concerned.

18. Any action taken by a panchayat, exercising jurisdiction immediately before the appointed day, shall, subject to such directions as the Government may, by general or special order give in this behalf, be deemed to have been taken by the panchayat or panchayat union council concerned unless and until superseded by action taken by that panchayat or panchayat union council.

19. If any item in suspense is ultimately found to affect an asset or liability of the nature referred to in the foregoing provisions of this Schedule, it shall be dealt with in accordance with that provision. The benefit or burden of any assets or liabilities of a panchayat not dealt with in the foregoing provisions of this Schedule shall be subject to such financial adjustments as the Government may, by order, direct.

20. If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of these rules, the Government, as occasion may require, may, by notification, do anything which appears to them to be necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

I certify that this is a Money Bill.

Fort St. George Madras,

31-8-1961.

B. BHAKTAVATSALAM NAIDU,
Deputy Speaker, Madras Legislative Assembly.

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APPENDIX III

[Vide item III (4) on page 448 supra.]

L.A. Bill No. 33 of 1961.

(As passed by the Assembly.)

A Bill to extend the Madras District Development Councils Act, 1958, and the Madras Panchayats Act, 1958, to the added territory in the State of Madras.

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend the Madras District Development Councils Act, 1958 (Madras Act XVIII of 1958) and the Madras Panchayats Act, 1958 (Madras Act XXXV of 1958) to the added territory in the State of Madras;

BE it enacted in the Twelfth Year of the Republic of India as follows :—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) This Act may be called the Madras District Development Councils and Panchayats (Extension to Added Territory) Act, 1961.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) “ added territory ” means the territories specified in the Second Schedule to the Andhra Pradesh and Madras (Alteration of Boundaries) Act, 1959 (Central Act 56 of 1959).

(b) “ appointed day ” means the date appointed under sub-section (2) of section 1 for the coming into force of this Act;

(c) “ District Development Councils Act ” means the Madras District Development Councils Act, 1958 (Madras Act XVIII of 1958);

(d) “ existing law ” means any law, Ordinance, Proclamation, regulation, order, by-law or rule passed or made before the appointed day, by Parliament, or by any Legislature, authority or person having power to make such a law, Ordinance, Proclamation, regulation, order, by-law or rule;

(e) “ Panchayats Act ” means the Madras Panchayats Act, 1958 (Madras Act XXXV of 1958).

3. *Extension of Madras Act XVIII of 1958 to the added territory.*—(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), with effect on and from the appointed day, the District Development Councils Act is hereby extended to, and shall be in force in, the added territory.

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(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the District Development Councils Act, on and from the appointed day,—

(a) the territories specified in Parts I, II and III of the Second Schedule to the Andhra Pradesh and Madras (Alteration of Boundaries) Act, 1959 (Central Act 56 of 1959) shall be deemed to form part of the Chingleput district, and

(b) the territories specified in Parts IV, V, VI, VII and VIII of the said Second Schedule shall be deemed to form part of the North Vellore district,

for the purposes of the District Development Councils Act.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the word 'district' shall have the meaning assigned to it in clause (1) of section 2 of the District Development Councils Act.

4. *Extension of Madras Act XXXV of 1958 to the added territory.*—(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), with effect on and from the appointed day, the Panchayats Act is hereby extended to, and shall be in force in, the added territory.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Panchayats Act, on and from the appointed day,—

(a) each of the local areas specified in column (2) of Schedule I forming the development block specified in the corresponding entry in column (1) thereof for the purpose of the National Extension Service Scheme of Community Development shall be a panchayat development block and such panchayat development block shall be a panchayat union by the name specified in the corresponding entry in column (3) thereof.

(b) there shall be a panchayat union council for each of the panchayat unions specified in Schedule I;

(c) the villages specified in column (1) of Schedule II shall be deemed to have been included in the panchayat development block and the panchayat union specified in the corresponding entries in columns (2) and (3) thereof;

(d) the members of a panchayat holding office on the appointed day shall be deemed to be elected members of the panchayat under the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act, and such members shall continue to hold office up to the 2nd day of October 1963 or up to such date as the Government may, by notification, fix in this behalf.

Explanation I.—Every panchayat development block formed under clause (a) shall be deemed to be a panchayat development block declared under clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 7 of the Panchayats Act.

Explanation II.—Every panchayat union constituted and named under clause (a) shall be deemed to be a panchayat union declared and named under clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (3) of section 7 of the Panchayats Act.

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Explanation III.—Every panchayat union council constituted under clause (b) shall be deemed to be a panchayat union council constituted by a notification under sub-section (1) of section 11 of the Panchayats Act with effect on and from the appointed day.

Explanation IV.—A panchayat union council constituted before the appointed day for a panchayat union specified in column (3) of Schedule II shall, in relation to the villages specified in the corresponding entries in column (1) thereof, be deemed to be constituted by a notification under sub-section (1) of section 11 of the Panchayats Act with effect on and from the appointed day.

5. *Repeal of Andhra Pradesh Act XXXV of 1959.*—(1) With effect on and from the appointed day, the Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and Zilla Parishads Act, 1959 (Andhra Pradesh Act XXXV of 1959) hereinafter in this section referred to as the said Act), as in force in the added territory immediately before the appointed day, shall stand repealed in the added territory.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal any Panchayat Samithi constituted under the said Act in respect of any area in the added territory shall, on the constitution of a panchayat union council for such area under the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act, stand dissolved and all the assets and liabilities of such Panchayat Samithi shall stand transferred to and vested in the panchayat union council.

(3) Any reference in the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act, to a law which is not in force in the added territory on the appointed day shall, in relation to the added territory, be construed as a reference to the corresponding law if any, in force in the added territory on the appointed day.

(4) Any reference to the said Act in any existing law which continues to be in force in the added territory after the appointed day shall in relation to that territory, be construed as a reference to the Panchayats Act, or the District Development Councils Act, as the case may be.

(5) Any reference, by whatever form of words, in any existing law to any authority competent at the date of the passing of that law to exercise any powers or discharge any functions in the added territory shall, where a corresponding new authority has been constituted by or under the Panchayats Act, or the District Development Councils Act, as extended by this Act, have effect as if it were a reference to that new authority.

(6) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), the repeal of the said Act by sub-section (1) shall not affect—

(a) the previous operation of the said Act or anything done or duly suffered thereunder; or

(b) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under the said Act; or

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(c) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against the said Act; or

(d) any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right privilege obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid;

and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if this Act had not been passed.

(7) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (6), anything done or any action taken, including any appointment or delegation made, notification order, instruction or direction issued, rule, regulation, form, by-law or scheme framed, certificate, permit or licence granted or registration effected under the said Act shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of the Panchayats Act, or the District Development Councils Act, as extended by this Act and shall continue in force accordingly, unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under the Panchayats Act, or the District Development Councils Act, as extended by this Act.

(8) For the purpose of facilitating the application of the Panchayats Act or the District Development Councils Act, as extended by this Act, in the added territory, any court or other authority may construe the Panchayats Act or the District Development Councils Act, as the case may be, with such alterations not affecting the substance as may be necessary or proper to adapt it to the matter before the court or other authority.

(9) Any reference to the Madras District Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920) in the Panchayats Act, as extended by this Act, shall, unless the subject or context otherwise requires, be construed as including a reference to the said Act and any reference to a district board shall be construed as including a reference to a Panchayat Samithi.

6. *Power to remove difficulties.*—(1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of the Panchayats Act, or the District Development Councils Act, as extended by this Act, the State Government, as occasion may require, may, by order, do anything which appears to them to be necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

(2) Every order issued under sub-section (1) shall, as soon as possible after it is issued, be placed on the table of both Houses of the Legislature, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, both Houses agree in making any modification in any such order or both Houses agree that the order should not be issued, the order shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that order.

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SCHEDULE I.

[See section 4 (2) (a) and (b).]

Name of the
development
block.Area forming the
development.
block.Name of the
panchayat
union.

(1)

(2)

(3)

Chingleput district.

Ramakrishnarajupet.. Census Code numbers and names Ramakrishnarajupet.

of revenue villages in Rama-
krishnarajupet revenue firk
in Pallipet revenue sub-taluk
of Tiruvallur revenue divi-
sion.—

99. Narasampeta.
100. Rajanagaram Santhayatham.
135. Gownipuram Chinna-
subbaraju Khandriga.
136. Siddayagunta Khandriga.
137. Madirajupermalraju Khan-
driga.
138. Elavarthimummalaraju
khandriga.
139. Chiralagurrappa Khandriga.
141. Ulehirangaraju Khandriga.
142. Chinthalangunta Khan-
driga.
161. Singasamudram.
175. Sandayatham Anjaneya-
puram.
176. Anjaneyapuram.
179. Rajanagaram (included in
village No. 100).
186. Narayanapuram.
192. Kadanaganagaram.
193. Yagnapuram.
194. Janakarakuppam.
196. Anandhavallipuram.
197. Tyagapuram.
198. Mohinipuram.
199. Appukondayya Khandriga.
200. Mutyalavaripalle.
201. Lakshmipuram.
202. Raghavanaidukuppam.
205. Ammavarakuppam.
206. Narayanapuram.
207. Mosur.
208. Vanganur.
209. Krishnakuppam.
210. Chenzalvarayudukhan-
driga.
211. Sirigirirajubadrarakukhan-
driga.
212. Madurapuram.
213. Changareddi Narayana-
reddikhandriga.
214. Santhanavenugopalapuram.
227. Khandapuram.
228. Ramakrishnarajupet.
229. Bhadraraju Khandriga.
230. Srikrishnapuram.
233. Akkachikuppam.
243. Ramajosyulu Khandriga.
244. Balapuram.
245. Srikalikapuram.
246. Chandravillasapuram.
247. Shro. Ramapura Agraharam.
248. Govatsapuram.

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Name of the development blo k.	Area forming the development block.	Name of the panchayat union.
(1)	(2)	(3)
Ramakrishnarajupet —cont.	Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Rama- krishnarajupet revenue firka in Pallipet revenue sub-taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division —cont.	Ramakrishnarajupet —cont.
	266. Damaneri. 267. Swethavarahapuram. 268. Vellatur. 269. Ammaneri. 270. Kodapuram. 278. Audivarahapuram. 295. Viranathur. 296. Ayyaneri.	
	Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Erumbi revenue firka in Pallipet revenue sub-taluk of Tiru- vallur revenue division—	
	226. Kaver puram. 242. Mahankalipuram. 272. Venkataperumalrajupu- ram. 275. Tirunadharajapuram. 277. Veeramangalam. 281. Peddanagapudi. 282. Devakipuram. 289. Naidu Thopu. 291. VEDIYANGADU. 292. Devalambapuram Maka- rajapuram. 293. Chionanagapudi. 294. Erumbi alias Aswarevan- thapuram. 300. Singarajapuram. 301. Gopalapuram. 302. Chinnaramapuram. 303. Peddaramapuram. 304. Chanuramallayaram. 305. Koleri alias Sahasrapada- napuram. 311. Mylarwada. 312. Makamambapuram. 313. Tirumalambapuram. 314. Prabhayankarapuram. 315. Meesaragantapuram. 317. Nilotpalapuram. 318. Padmapuram. 319. Paivalasa. 320. Katarikuppam.	
Pallipet	Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Pallipet revenue firka in Pallipet revenue sub-taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—	Pallipet
	5. Veligram. 6. Melkalpatteda. 7. Pallipet. 8. Surarajupatteda. 9. Rangepalli. 10. Kolathur. 11. Kolathur Ramiahkhand- riga.	

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Name of the development block.	Area forming the development block.	Name of the panchayat union.
(1)	(2)	(3)
Pallipet—cont.	Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Pallipet revenue firka in Pallipet revenue sub-taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—cont.	Pallipet—cont.
	12. Nedium. 13. Aravasipatteda. 14. Samanthavada. 15. Karimbedu. 16. Kesavarajupuram. 17. Ramachandrapuram. 18. Chinnatimmarajupatteda. 19. Venkataramajukuppam. 20. Sangeethakuppam. 21. Tirumalrajupet. 22. Tirunadharajupuram. 23. Kumararajupeta. 24. Melapudi. 25. Reddipalli Subbaraokhandriga. 26. Purnam Sanjeevirayunikhandriga. 27. Punyam. 29. Kadapanthangal. 30. Kaverirajupeta. 31. Bommarajupeta. 53. Sitaramapuram. 54. Vadakuppam. 55. Katlambakkam. 63. Kodivalasa. 64. Athimanageri. 65. Venkatapuram. 79. Chinnathimanageri. 178. Pakala Narayana Reddikhandriga. 185. Makamambapuram.	
	Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Prodatpeta revenue firka in Pallipet revenue sub-taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—	
	32. Gollalakuppam. 33. Chandrappanaidukandriga. 34. Chinnamudipalli. 35. Kesavarajukuppam. 49. Prodatturpet (Non-City Urban). 50. Ragimanukhandriga. 51. Pandravedu. 52. Gantavarikuppam. 56. Konasamudram. 57. Kakalur. 58. Vengalrajukuppam. 59. Ramapuram. 66. Kothakuppam. 67. Petakandriga. 68. Jangalapalli. 69. Nedigallu. 81. Nochili. 82. Keechalam. 83. Ramasamudram. 84. Ulehiguruvarajukhandriga. 85. Kongugarlkuppam.	

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Name of the development block.	Area forming the development block.	Name of the panchayat union.
(1)	(2)	(3)
Pallipet—cont.	<p>.. Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Proclaturpeta revenue firka in Pallipet revenue sub-taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—cont.</p> <p>86. Gownipuram Badraraju-khandriga.</p> <p>97. Korakuppam.</p> <p>101. Kannikambapuram.</p> <p>102. Balakrishnapuram.</p> <p>103. Dwarakapuram.</p> <p>104. Krishnamarajukuppam.</p>	Pallipet—cont.
Tiruttani.	<p>.. Census code numbers and names of revenue village in Tiruttani revenue firka in Tiruttani revenue taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—</p> <p>74. Maduru.</p> <p>87. Alimelumangapuram.</p> <p>88. Singarapuram.</p> <p>89. Thayamambapuram.</p> <p>109. Thiruvengalanadharapuram.</p> <p>110. Ramachandrapuram.</p> <p>120. Balakrishnapuram.</p> <p>121. Murukambattu.</p> <p>123. Subramanyapuram.</p> <p>129. Medinipuram.</p> <p>127. Srinivasapuram.</p> <p>128. Srinivasayya Khandriga.</p> <p>166. Chengalvapuram Agra-haram.</p> <p>167. Dharanivarahapuram.</p> <p>168. Velanjeri.</p> <p>169. Srinivasapuram.]</p> <p>187. Kasindhapuram.</p> <p>188. Pattabiramapuram.</p> <p>189. Velayudakuppam.</p> <p>190. Vinayakapuram.</p> <p>203. Ayyavarinaidu Khandriga.</p> <p>216. Pratapa Uddandamakarapuram.</p> <p>217. Agoor.</p> <p>218. Amruthapuram.</p> <p>219. Thiruthani (Non-City Urban).</p> <p>220. Thiruthani (Rural).</p> <p>221. Meldevadhanam.</p> <p>222. Keeladevadhanam.</p> <p>235. Perumalmanyam Khandriga.</p> <p>240. Devasenapuram.</p> <p>256. Kannikapuram.</p> <p>257. Valliyamma puram.</p> <p>258. Padmapuram.</p> <p>259. Karthikeyapuram.</p> <p>260. Perumalthangal.</p> <p>280. Beddakadaur.</p> <p>283. Kesavarajupet.</p> <p>284. Bikkasanivengamanaidu Khandriga.</p> <p>285. Chinnakadambur.</p> <p>125. Sathrajayapuram.</p>	Tiruttani.

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Name of the development block.	Area forming the development block.	Name of the panchayat union.
(1)	(2)	(3)
Tiruttani—cont.	Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Cherukannur revenue firka in Tiruttani revenue taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—	Tiruttani—cont.
	105. Venugopalapuram. 106. Rayasam Venkatakrishnayya Khandriga. 107. Krishnasamudram. 140. Nallur Perumalraju Khandriga. 143. Nalluru Venkataraju Khandriga. 144. Sirugumi. 145. Veeranaidupalem. 146. Rajakallarapuram. 147. Suryanagaram. 148. Shotriam Bommerajapuram. 149. Tekkukur. 162. Berumkanchi Narasimhunikhandriga. 163. Veerakaverirajapuram. 164. Erramasetti Narasimhuni Khandriga. 165. Kumara Bommarajapuram. 180. Thaduru. 181. Talati Thangal. 182. Errappanaidu Khandriga. 183. Veerakanellore. 184. Netteri Khandriga. 215. Koramangalam. 231. Thummalsheruvu Khandriga. 232. Maharajapuram. 234. Beerakuppam. 236. Veerakaverirajapuram. 237. Kanchiguruvaraja Khandriga. 250. Velucukrishnamanaidu Khandriga. 251. Lakshminarasimhapuram. 252. Tondamanatinarayana reddy Khandriga. 253. Senagalathur Agraharam. 254. Cherrukunur. 255. Berumalthangal. 279. Mambakkam. 316. Makammambapuram.	
Thiruvallangadu	Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Poonimangadu revenue firka in Tiruttani revenue taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division=	Thiruvallangadu.
	45. Nallatur. 46. Chivvada. 47. Siddanthipuram. 48. Kondapuram. 60. Ponnimangadu. 61. Venkatapura Agraharam. 70. Ponbadi Gollakuppam. 71. Kodanda Ramapuram. 72. Nemali.	

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Name of the development block.	Area forming the development block.	Name of the panchayat union.
(1)	(2)	(3)
Thiruvalangadu—cont.	Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Ponnimangadu revenue firka in Tiruttani revenue taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—cont.	Thiruvalangadu—cont.
	75. Arumbakkam. 90. Pombadi. 91. Arumgolam. 92. Tirukkolam Khandriga. 111. Talavedu. 112. Narayanasamudram Agraharam. 113. Mamandur. 124. Ramachandrapuram. 134. Gopalakrishnapuram. 249. Srikrishnapuram.	
	Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Kanakammachattram revenue firka in Tiruttani revenue taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—	
	115. Nekkiniagraharam. 116. Nekkinipeta. 117. Venugopalakrishnapuram. 129. Nelambaram. 130. Raghunathapuram. 131. Sithapuram. 132. Patramthangal. 133. Panapakkam. 150. Arcotkuppam. 151. Gudur. 152. Kapjipadi. 153. Rangapuram. 170. Nabaloor. 171. Kunnathur. 172. Ellupur. 173. Muddukondapuram. 186. Narayanapuram. 204. Kondapuram. 233. Ramapuram. 238. Kaverirajapuram. 239. Kurmavilasapuram. 261. Ramalingapuram. 262. Parasapuram. 263. Venugopalapuram. 286. Veeraraghavapuram. 228. Bhavavatha Pattabirama- puram.	
	Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Manur revenue firka in Tiruttani revenue taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—	
	28. Patnam Seshayyakhand- riga. 287. Tiruvelangadu. 288. Narthavada. 290. Dhanushayapuram. 297. Palayanur. 299. Pulavanalluru. 306. Banapuram.	

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<i>Name of the development block.</i>	<i>Area forming the development block.</i>	<i>Name of the panchayat union.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)
Thiruvalangadu— —cont.	<i>Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Manur revenue firka in Tiruttani revenue taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—cont.</i>	Thiruvalangadu cont.—
	37/1 & 2. Vysapuram.	
	308. Rajapadmapuram.	
	309. Rajaratnapuram.	
	310. Jagirmangalam.	
	324. Shrotriam. Pattabirama- puram.	
	325. Tholudavoor.	
	326. Marudavallipuram.	
	327. Manoor.	
	328. Kuppam Khandriga.	
	329. Herischandrapuram.	
	330. Lekshmivilasapuram.	
	331. Saunakapuram.	
	332. Rathur.	
	333. Paakasala.	
	334. Japti Shortiun Rama- puram.	
	335. Peddakalakattur.	
	336. Chinnamandli.	
	338. Kalambakkam.	

SCHEDULE II.

[See section 4 (2) (c).]

<i>Name of the village.</i>	<i>Name of the development block.</i>	<i>Name of the panchayat union.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)
	<i>Chingleput district.</i>	
<i>Census Code number and name of revenue village in Mappedu revenue firka of Tiruvallur revenue taluk of Tiruvallur revenue division—</i>		
337. Chitrambakkam.	Kadambathur	Kadambathur.
	<i>North Arcot district.</i>	
<i>Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Parangi revenue firka in Arkonam revenue taluk of Ranipet revenue division—</i>		
321-1 and 321-2. Perumalraju- peta.	Kaveripakkam	Kaveripakkam.
322. Thandlam.		
393. Nandimangalam.		
<i>Census Code numbers and names of revenue villages in Arkonam revenue firka in Arkonam revenue taluk of Ranipet revenue division—</i>		
307-3. Ambarishapuram.	Arkonam	Arkonam.
307-4. Sukapuram.		

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Name of the village.

Name of
the development
block.Name of the
panchayat
union.

(1)

(2)

(3)

Census Code numbers and names
of revenue village in Ranipet
revenue firka in Walajpet
revenue taluk of Ranipet revenue
division—

248. Avularangaiahpalle
277. Gollavaripalle.
279. Thengal.
280. Balekuppam.
373. Ammavaripalle.

Sholingur

.. Sholingur.

351. Kondamanayanipalam.
352. Paramasattu.
353. Madandakuppam.
354. Gollapalle.
393. Mahimandalam.
364. Perumallakuppam.
365. Erugambat.
366. Vellimalai.
368. Mutharasikuppam.
369. Vennampalle.
370. Kodukkanthangal.
371. Elayanellore.
372. Thenpalle.
373. Sripadanellore.
374. Veppalai.
375. Melpadi.

Census Code numbers and names
of revenue villages in Gudi-
yatham East revenue firka in
Gudiyatham revenue taluk of
Tirupattur revenue divi-
sion—

290. Dakshinapathapalle.
295. Puttavaripalle.
297. Rangasamudram.
298. Vidyasankarapuram.
299. Vidonapalle.
300. Varadareddipille.
301. Veerisetippalle.
302. Paradarami.

Gudiyatham

.. Gudiyatham.

Names of revenue villages in
Vaniyambadi revenue firka in
Tirupattur revenue taluk of
Tirupattur revenue divi-
sion—

Javvajiramasamudram.
Gollapallee.

Vaniyambadi

.. Vaniyambadi.

I certify that this is on Money Bill.

Fort. St. George,
Madras,
31st August 1961.

B. BHAKTAVATSALU NAIDU,
Deputy Speaker, Madras Legislative Assembly.

